SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 8-A/A
AMENDMENT NO. 5
FOR REGISTRATION OF CERTAIN CLASSES OF SECURITIES
PURSUANT TO SECTION $12(\mathrm{~b}) \mathrm{OR}(\mathrm{g}) \mathrm{OF}$ THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

## The TJX Companies, Inc.


(TITLE OF CLASS)

The undersigned Registrant hereby amends the following items of its Registration Statement on Form 8-A with respect to Common Stock, par value $\$ 1.00$ per share, originally dated September 24 , 1965, to read in their entireties as set forth below.

ITEM 1.
DESCRIPTION OF REGISTRANT'S SECURITIES TO BE REGISTERED.

The following summary description of the Company's capital stock is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as amended (the "Certificate"), and the By-Laws of the Company (the "By-Laws"), copies of which are exhibits to this form and are hereby incorporated by referenced herein.

Authorized Capital Stock
The Company's authorized capital stock consists of $1,205,000,000$ shares of capital stock, of which $1,200,000,000$ shares are common stock, $\$ 1.00$ par value per share (the "Common Stock"), and 5 million shares are preferred stock, $\$ 1.00$ par value per share (the "Preferred Stock"). The Certificate authorizes the issuance of shares of Preferred Stock from time to time in one or more series not exceeding the aggregate number of shares of Preferred Stock authorized by the Certificate, without stockholder approval, with such voting powers, designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, and qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, as are set forth in resolutions adopted by the Company's Board of Directors. Thus, without stockholder approval, the Company could authorize the issuance of Preferred Stock with voting, conversion and other rights that could dilute the voting power and other rights of holders of the Common Stock and other series of Preferred Stock. No shares of Preferred Stock were outstanding on August 1, 1999.

Common Stock

Subject to the rights of holders of Preferred Stock, holders of Common Stock are entitled to receive such dividends as may from time to time be declared by the Board of Directors of the Company out of such funds legally available for declaration of dividends. Holders of Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share on every question submitted to them at a meeting of stockholders or otherwise. In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up and distribution of the assets of the Company, after paying or setting aside for the holders of Preferred Stock the full preferential amounts to which they are entitled, if any, and subject to the rights of any series of Preferred Stock to participate pro rata with the Common Stock with respect to distributions, the holders of Common Stock will be entitled to receive pro rata all remaining assets of the Company available for distribution to stockholders. There are no pre-emptive rights for holders of Common Stock. The issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock are fully paid and nonassessable. Shares of Common Stock are not convertible into shares of any other class of capital stock of the Company.

## Certain Charter and By-Law Provisions

The Certificate and By-Laws contain various provisions that may impede the acquisition of control of the Company by means of a tender offer, proxy fight or other means. Such provisions include a classified Board of Directors, restrictions on the ability of stockholders to remove directors, fill vacancies or call a stockholder meeting, and restrictions on stockholder proposals and amendment of certain charter and by-law provisions.

The Certificate further provides that no director of the company shall be liable to the Company or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Company or its shareholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) under Section 174 of the Delaware General Corporation Law or (iv) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit. Section 174 of the Delaware General Corporation Law specifies conditions under which directors of Delaware corporations may be liable for unlawful payment of dividends or unlawful stock purchases or redemptions.

## Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law

As a Delaware corporation the Company is subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. Section 203 generally provides that if a person or group acquires $15 \%$ or more of a corporation's voting stock (thereby becoming an "interested stockholder") without prior board approval, such interested stockholder may not, for a period of three years, engage in a wide range of business combination transactions with the corporation. However, this restriction does not apply to a person who becomes an interested stockholder in a transaction resulting in the interested stockholder owning at least 85\% of the corporation's voting stock (excluding from the outstanding shares, shares held by officer-directors or pursuant to employee stock plans without confidential tender offer decisions), or to a business combination approved by the board of directors and authorized by the affirmative vote of at least $662 / 3 \%$ of the outstanding voting stock not owned by the interested stockholder. In addition, Section 203 does not apply to certain business combinations proposed subsequent to the public announcement of specified business combination transactions which are not opposed by the board of directors.

ITEM 2.
EXHIBITS.
99.1. Fourth Restated Certificate of Incorporation, filed September 9, 1999, is filed herewith.
99.2. The by-laws of the Company, as amended, are filed herewith.

## SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized.

THE TJX COMPANIES, INC.

FOURTH RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
OF
THE TJX COMPANIES, INC.
(Originally incorporated on April 9, 1962 under the name Zayre Corp.)
FIRST: The name of this corporation is
THE TJX COMPANIES, INC.
SECOND: Its registered office in the State of Delaware is located at Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle. The name and address of its registered agent is the The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801.

THIRD: The nature of the business of this corporation and the objects or purposes to be transacted, promoted and carried on by it are as follows:

1. To engage generally in business in the field of merchandising, whether wholesale or retail or both.
2. To buy, design, develop, manufacture, produce, lease or otherwise acquire, and to prepare, finish or otherwise process, and to own, hold, use, store and transport, and to sell at wholesale or retail, transfer, distribute, export, consign, lease or otherwise dispose of, and generally to deal in and with, all kinds of merchandise, clothing, articles, equipment, supplies, goods, wares, foods, drugs, cosmetics and other articles of whatever nature.
3. To buy, construct, lease or otherwise acquire, and to own, hold, operate, manage, lease to others, grant or take concessions for, develop, improve, maintain and use, and to manage for others and to act as consultants with respect to, and to sell, convey or otherwise dispose of, stores, warehouses, shopping centers, parking lots, retail outlets and other facilities for use in connection with wholesale and retail merchandising, and land, buildings, facilities, equipment and all other property and assets for or incidental to any of the foregoing.
4. To carry on any manufacturing, selling, management, service or other business, operation or activity which is lawful to be carried on by a corporation organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware as amended, whether or not similar or related or incidental to or useful or advantageous in or in connection with the businesses, operations and activities referred to in the foregoing paragraphs.
5. To manufacture, produce, buy, lease or otherwise acquire, and to own, operate and use, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of, and generally to deal with and in, machinery, appliances, equipment, tools, parts, fixtures, facilities, motor vehicles, materials, supplies, goods, merchandise and other articles and property of all kinds incidental to or useful in or in connection with any business, operation or activity in which this corporation is engaged or is authorized to engage.
6. To buy, construct, lease or otherwise acquire, and to own, hold, operate, develop, improve, maintain and use, and to sell, convey, lease or otherwise dispose of, and to grant easements, rights or interests in, lands, real estate, easements, leaseholds and other rights or interests in real estate, plants, structures, building equipment and real estate improvements incidental to or useful in or in connection with any business, operation or activity in which this corporation is engaged or is authorized to engage.
7. To apply for, obtain, keep in force and comply with all licenses and permits from governmental authorities and others which are deemed requisite or desirable in or in connection with any business, operation or activity in which this corporation is engaged or desires or is authorized to engage.
8. To apply for, obtain, register, devise, adopt, purchase, lease, take licenses or rights under or otherwise acquire, and to hold, own, develop, maintain, protect, operate under, exercise and use, and to grant licenses or rights under, sell, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of, and generally to deal in and with, patents, trademarks, copyrights, inventions, improvements, processes, formulae, trade names, designs and similar properties and rights, and applications, registrations, reissues, renewals, licenses and other rights and interests for, in, to or under the same, and franchises, powers, rights, privileges, grants, concessions, immunities and guaranties from public authorities or others, all in or under the laws of the United States of America or any state or other government, country or place.
9. To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire, and to hold and own, and to sell, assign, transfer or otherwise dispose of, and generally to deal in and with, securities, and while the holder or owner thereof to have and exercise all rights, powers and privileges of ownership, including the right to vote or consent or give proxies or powers of attorney therefor, and to carry on any business, operation or activity through a wholly or partly owned subsidiary.
10. To acquire by purchase, exchange, merger or consolidation or otherwise all or any part of the property and assets, including the business, good will, rights and franchises, of any corporation, association, trust, firm or individual wherever organized, created or located, and in payment or exchange therefor to pay cash, transfer property and issue securities to the transferor or its security holders and to assume or become liable for any liabilities and obligations, and to hold and operate or in any manner to dispose of all or any part of the property and assets so acquired.
11. To dispose by sale, exchange, merger or consolidation or otherwise of all or any part of the property and assets, including the business, good will, rights and franchises of this corporation, to any corporation, association, trust, firm or individual wherever organized, created or located, for cash or property, including securities, or the assumption of the liabilities and obligations of this corporation, and if desired, and subject to the rights of creditors and preferred stockholders, to distribute such cash, securities or other property to the security holders of this corporation in exchange for or in partial or complete liquidation or redemption of their securities.
12. To borrow money and obtain credit, and in consideration of money borrowed or for the purpose of sale or pledge or in order to pay, evidence or secure any liability or obligation, to execute, issue and deliver and sell, pledge or otherwise dispose of bonds, notes, debentures or other evidences of indebtedness, secured or unsecured, and to give security for any such bonds, notes, debentures or other evidences of indebtedness or for any purchase price, guaranty, line of credit, covenant, fidelity or performance bond or any other liability or obligation and any premium, interest and other sums due thereon or therewith and any covenants or obligations connected therewith; and for the foregoing purposes to mortgage or pledge or execute an indenture of mortgage or deed of trust upon or create a lien upon or other security title or security interest in all or any part of the property and assets, real and personal, of this corporation, then owned or thereafter acquired.
13. To lend money, credit or security to, and to guarantee or assume any liabilities and obligations of, and to aid in any other manner, any corporation, association, trust, firm or individual, wherever organized, created or located, any of whose securities are held by this corporation or in whose affairs or prosperity this corporation has a lawful interest, and to do all acts and things designed to protect, improve or enhance the value of such securities or interest.
14. To execute, issue and deliver and to sell or otherwise dispose of securities of this corporation convertible into other securities, and options, warrants or rights to subscribe for or purchase securities of this corporation, to issue any of such options, warrants or rights to any employees of this corporation, and to maintain, operate and carry on for the benefit of any employees any pension, retirement, profit-sharing, bonus, health, disability, savings, loan, insurance, educational, social, recreational or similar plans or arrangements.
15. To make contributions for charitable, scientific or educational purposes or for the public welfare or for public purposes, including contributions to corporations, trusts, funds or foundations organized and operated for any such purposes, and including any such foundation organized by this corporation or by its directors or officers, and including contributions to governments or governmental bodies or agencies for public purposes, and any contributions which at the time are allowed as deductions from corporate gross income under the United States Internal Revenue Code as amended.
16. To do any and all acts and things in this Article Third set forth to the same extent as an individual might or could do, as principal, factor, consignee, agent, contractor or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction or jointly with any corporation, association, trust, firm or individual, and, in general, to do any and all acts and things and to engage in any and all businesses whatsoever, necessary, suitable, advantageous or proper for or in connection with or incidental to the exercise, transaction, promotion, carrying on, accomplishment or attainment of any of the businesses, powers, purposes or objects in this Article Third set forth, excepting in every case all acts, things and business forbidden by law.
17. In this Article Third the word "securities" includes, to the extent that the context permits, stocks, shares, bonds, notes, debentures and other evidences of interest in or indebtedness of any corporation, association, trust or firm wherever organized, created or located, and notes and other evidences of indebtedness of any individual wherever located, and bonds, notes, debentures and other evidences of indebtedness of any country, state, county, city, town or other governmental body or agency wherever organized, created or located.
18. In this certificate of incorporation, unless it is otherwise expressly provided, the conjunctive includes the disjunctive and the singular includes the plural, and vice versa; verbs in the present or future include both present and future or either; the whole includes any part or parts; no mention or inclusion of any particular example or specific enumeration shall be deemed to limit any general meaning; the statements of the businesses, objects and purposes of this corporation shall be construed both as objects and powers; the enumeration of specific powers shall not be held to limit or restrict in any manner the exercise by this corporation of the general powers conferred upon corporations by the laws of the State of Delaware, and no statement of any business, object or purpose shall be deemed to limit or be exclusive of any other stated business, object or purpose, but all are separate and cumulative and all may be transacted, promoted and carried on separately or together and at any time and from time to time, and any business, object or purpose may be transacted, promoted or carried on, and any property may be owned or held, in any part of the world; and references to the certificate of incorporation mean the provisions of the certificate of incorporation (as that term is defined in the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware) of this corporation as from time to time in effect, and references to the by-laws or to any requirement or provision of law mean the by-laws of this corporation or such requirement or provision of law as from time to time in effect.

FOURTH: The total number of shares of capital stock of all classes which this Corporation shall have authority to issue shall be one billion two hundred and five million $(1,205,000,000)$ shares, consisting of one billion two hundred million (1,200,000,000) shares of Common Stock of the par value of one dollar (\$1.00) per share, amounting in the aggregate to one billion two hundred million dollars (\$1,200,000,000), and five million (5,000,000) shares of Preferred Stock of the par value of one dollar (\$1.00) per share, amounting in the aggregate to five million dollars $(\$ 5,000,000)$.

The holders of the Common Stock shall be entitled to one vote for each share of Common Stock registered in the name of such holder, and there shall be no cumulative voting in elections for directors. The holders of the Common Stock shall be entitled to such dividends as may from time to time be declared by the Board of Directors, but only when and as declared by the Board of Directors out of any funds legally available for declaration of dividends, and subject to any provisions of this Certificate of Incorporation, as amended from time to time, or of resolutions of the Board of Directors adopted pursuant to authority herein contained, requiring that dividends be declared and/or paid upon the outstanding shares of Preferred Stock of any series or upon the outstanding shares of any other class of capital stock ranking senior to the Common Stock as to dividends as a condition to the declaration and/or payment of any dividend on the Common Stock; but no such provisions shall restrict the declaration or payment of any dividend or distribution of the Common Stock payable solely in shares of common Stock. In the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the corporation, the holders of the Common Stock shall be entitled to share pro rata in the net assets available for distribution to holders of Common Stock after satisfaction of the prior claims of the holders of shares of Preferred Stock of any series and shares of any other class of capital stock ranking senior to the Common Stock as to assets, in accordance with the provisions of this Certificate of Incorporation, as amended from time to time, or of resolutions of the Board of Directors adopted pursuant to authority herein contained.

The Board of Directors is hereby authorized from time to time to provide by resolution for the issuance of shares of Preferred Stock in one or more series not exceeding the aggregate number of shares of Preferred Stock authorized by this Certificate of Incorporation, as amended from time to time, and to determine with respect to each such series, the voting powers, if any (which voting powers if granted may be full or limited), designations, preferences, the relative, participating, optional or other rights, and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions appertaining thereto, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the voting rights appertaining to shares of Preferred Stock of any series (which may be one vote per share or $a$ fraction of a vote per share, and which may be applicable generally or only upon the happening and continuance of stated events or conditions), the rate of dividend to which holders of Preferred Stock of any series may be entitled (which may be cumulative or noncumulative), the rights of holders of Preferred Stock of any series in the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation and the rights (if any) of holders of Preferred Stock of any series to convert or exchange such shares of Preferred Stock of such series for shares of Common Stock or for shares of Preferred Stock of any other series or for shares of any other class of capital stock (including the determination of the price or prices or the rate or rates applicable to such rights to convert or exchange and the adjustments thereof, the time or times during which the right to convert or exchange shall be applicable and the time or times during which a particular price or rate shall be applicable).

Before the corporation shall issue any shares of Preferred Stock of any series, a certificate setting forth a copy of the resolution or resolutions of the Board of Directors fixing the voting powers, designations, preferences, the relative, participating, optional and other
rights, and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions appertaining to the shares of Preferred Stock of such series, and the number of shares of Preferred Stock of such series authorized by the Board of Directors to be issued, shall be made under seal of the corporation and signed by the president or a
vice-president and by the secretary or an assistant secretary of the corporation and acknowledged by such president or vice-president as provided by the laws of the State of Delaware and shall be filed and a copy thereof recorded in the manner prescribed by the laws of the state of Delaware.

NO PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS. No stockholder of this corporation shall have any pre-emptive or preferential right to purchase or subscribe to any shares of any class of this corporation now or hereafter to be authorized, or any notes, debentures, bonds or other securities convertible into, or carrying options or warrants to purchase, shares of any class now or hereafter to be authorized, whether or not the issue of any such shares or such notes, debentures, bonds or other securities would adversely affect the dividend or voting rights of such stockholder, other than such rights, if any, as the board of directors in its discretion from time to time may grant and at such price as the board of directors in its discretion may fix; and the board of directors may issue shares of any class of this corporation, or any notes, debentures, bonds or other securities convertible into or carrying options or warrants to purchase shares of any class, or options to purchase shares of any class, without offering any such shares or securities or options, either in whole or in part, to the existing stockholders of any class.

FIFTH: The minimum amount of capital with which this corporation will commence business is one thousand dollars (\$1,000.).

The board of directors, without the assent of or other action by the stockholders, may from time to time authorize the issue and sale of shares of stock of this corporation now or hereafter authorized, for such consideration and upon such terms as the board may determine.

SIXTH: This corporation is to have perpetual existence.

SEVENTH: The private property of the stockholders shall not be subject to the payment of corporate debts.

EIGHTH: The following provisions are inserted for the regulation and conduct of the affairs of this corporation, and it is expressly provided that they are intended to be in furtherance and not in limitation or exclusion of the powers elsewhere conferred herein or in the by-laws or conferred by law:
(a) Except as may be otherwise expressly required by law or by other provisions of this certificate of incorporation or by the by-laws, the board of directors shall have and may exercise, transact, manage, promote and carry on all of the powers, authorities, businesses, objects and purposes of this corporation.
(b) Certain Provisions Relating to Nomination, Election and Removal of Directors.

1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS. Elections of directors need not be by written ballot unless the by-laws shall so provide. No director need be a stockholder.
2. NUMBER, ELECTION AND TERMS OF DIRECTORS. Except as otherwise fixed pursuant to the provisions of Article FOURTH hereof relating to the rights of the holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation to elect additional directors under specified circumstances, the number of directors of the Corporation shall be fixed from time to time by or pursuant to the by-laws. The directors, other than those who may be elected by the holders of any class or series of stock having preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation, shall be classified, with respect to the time for which they severally hold office, into three classes, designated Class I, Class II and Class III, as nearly equal in number as possible, with the term of office of one Class expiring each year. At the annual meeting of stockholders in 1985, directors of Class I shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the next succeeding annual meeting, directors of Class II shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the second succeeding annual meeting, and directors of Class III shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the third succeeding annual meeting, with the members of each Class to hold office until their successors are elected and qualified. At each subsequent annual meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation, the successors to the Class of directors whose term expires at such meeting shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the third year following the year of their election.
3. STOCKHOLDER NOMINATION OF DIRECTOR CANDIDATES. Advance notice of nominations for the election of directors, other than by the Board of Directors or a Committee thereof, shall be given in the manner provided in the by-laws.
4. NEWLY CREATED DIRECTORSHIPS AND VACANCIES. Except as otherwise fixed pursuant to the provisions of Article FOURTH hereof relating to the rights of the holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation to elect directors under specified circumstances, newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the number of directors and any vacancies on the Board of Directors resulting from death, resignation,

> disqualification, removal or other cause shall be filled solely by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors then in office, even though less than a quorum of the Board of Directors, or by a sole remaining director. Any director elected in accordance with the preceding sentence shall hold office for the remainder of the full term of the Class of directors in which the new directorship was created or the vacancy occurred and until such director's successor shall have been elected and qualified. No decrease in the number of directors constituting the Board of Directors shall shorten the term of any incumbent director. 5. REMOVAL of DIRECTORS. Except as otherwise fixed pursuant to the provisions of Article FouRTH hereof relating to the rights of the holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation to elect directors under specified circumstances, any director may be removed from office without cause only by the affirmative vote of the holders of 66-2/3\% of the combined voting power of the then outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors voting together as a single class.
(c) By-laws. The Board of Directors and the stockholders shall each have the power to adopt, alter, amend and repeal the by-laws; and any by-laws adopted by the directors or the stockholders under the powers conferred hereby may be altered, amended or repealed by the directors or by the stockholders; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that the by-laws shall not be altered, amended or repealed by action of the stockholders, and no by-law shall be adopted by action of the stockholders, without the affirmative vote of the holders of at least $66-2 / 3 \%$ of the voting power of all the shares of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class.
(d) The board of directors may at any time set apart out of any of the funds of this corporation available for dividends a reserve or reserves for any proper purpose and may at any time reduce or abolish any such reserve. Any other proper reserves may also be carried.
(e) This corporation may purchase, hold, sell and transfer shares of its own capital stock, but shall not use its funds or property for the purchase of its own shares of capital stock when such use would cause any impairment of the capital of this corporation, subject always to the right of this corporation to reduce its capital or to redeem any preferred or special shares out of capital as permitted by law. Shares of its own capital stock belonging to this corporation shall not be voted upon directly or indirectly. The purchase, acquisition or holding by this corporation of shares of its own capital stock shall not be deemed to constitute the retirement of such shares or a reduction of capital except as such shares are formally retired or the capital is formally reduced in accordance with the provisions of law therefor.
(f) Nothing in this certificate of incorporation shall be deemed to prohibit the reissue of any shares of capital stock of this corporation retired or reduced upon or in connection with any reduction of capital, but upon the filing and recording of the certificate of reduction such shares shall have the status of authorized and unissued shares of the class of stock to which such shares belong, if and to the extent permitted by law. So far as permitted by law the stockholders or board of directors authorizing or effectuating any reduction of capital may determine the manner in which such reduction shall be effected and the extent, if any, to which any assets shall be distributed to stockholders, and except as and to the extent that such a distribution is so authorized or provided for, no stockholder shall be entitled to demand any distribution of assets in connection with or as the result of any reduction of capital.
(g) The board of directors may from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions and regulations the accounts and books and papers of this corporation, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of the stockholders, and no stockholder shall have any right to inspect any account, book or document of this corporation, except as and to the extent expressly provided by law with reference to the right of stockholders to examine the original or duplicate stock ledger, or as otherwise expressly provided by law, or except as expressly authorized by resolution of the board of directors.
(h) The board of directors shall have the power to fix from time to time the compensation of its members. No person shall be disqualified from holding any office by reason of any interest. In the absence of fraud or bad faith, any director, officer or stockholder of this corporation individually, or any individual having any interest in any concern which is a stockholder of this corporation, or any concern in which any such directors, officers, stockholders or individuals have any interest, may be a party to, or may be pecuniarily or otherwise interested in, any contract, transaction or other act of this corporation, and
(i) such contract, transaction or act shall not be in any way invalidated or otherwise affected by that fact;
no such director, officer, or stockholder shall be liable to account to this corporation for any profit or benefit realized through any such contract, transaction or act; and
any such director of this corporation may be counted in determining the existence of a quorum at any meeting of the board of directors or of any committee thereof which shall authorize any such contract, transaction or act, and may vote to authorize the same,
provided, however, that any contract, transaction or act in which any director or officer of this corporation is so interested individually or as a director, officer, trustee or member of any concern which is not a subsidiary or affiliate of this corporation, or in which any directors or
officers, respectively, are so interested as holders, collectively, of a majority of shares of capital stock or other beneficial interest at the time outstanding in any concern which is not a subsidiary or affiliate of this corporation, shall be duly authorized or ratified by a majority of the board of directors who are not so interested and to whom the nature of such interest has been disclosed. With respect to the matters herein contained,
(a) the word "interest" shall include personal interest and interest as a director, officer, stockholder, shareholder, trustee, member or beneficiary of any concern;
(b) the word "concern" shall mean any corporation, association, trust, partnership, firm, person or other entity other than this corporation; and
(c) the phrase "subsidiary or affiliate" shall mean a concern in which a majority of the directors, trustees, partners or controlling persons are elected or appointed by the directors of this corporation, or are constituted of the directors or officers of this corporation.

To the extent permitted by law, the authorizing or ratifying vote of a majority in interest of each class of the capital stock of this corporation outstanding and entitled to vote for directors at an annual meeting or a special meeting duly called for the purpose (whether such vote is passed before or after judgment rendered in a suit with respect to such contract, transaction or act) shall validate any contract, transaction or act of this corporation, or of the board of directors or any committee thereof, with regard to all stockholders of this corporation, whether or not of record at the time of such vote, and with regard to all creditors and other claimants under this corporation, provided, however, that with respect to the authorization or ratification of contracts, transactions or acts in which any of the directors, officers or stockholders of this corporation have an interest, the nature of such contracts, transactions or acts and the interest of any director, officer or stockholder therein shall be summarized in the notice of any such annual or special meeting, or in a statement or letter accompanying such notice, and shall be fully disclosed at any such meeting, and provided also that stockholders so interested may vote at any such meeting, and provided further that any failure of the stockholders to authorize or ratify such contract, transaction or act shall not be deemed in any way to invalidate the same or to deprive this corporation, its directors, officers or employees of its or their right to proceed with such contract, transaction or act.

No contract, transaction or act shall be avoided by reason of any provision of this clause (h) which would be valid but for those provisions.
(i) The Corporation shall indemnify each person who is or was a director or officer of this Corporation against expenses (including attorney's fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement to the maximum extent permitted from time to time under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. Such indemnification shall not be exclusive of other indemnification rights arising under any by-law, agreement, vote of directors or
stockholders or otherwise and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs and legal representatives of such person.
(j) [omitted].
(k) Stockholder Action. Any action required or permitted to be taken by the stockholders of the Corporation, or any class or series thereof, must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of such holders and may not be effected by any consent in writing by such holders. Except as otherwise required by law and subject to the rights of the holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation, special meetings of stockholders of the Corporation may be called only by the Chairman of the Board, the President or the Board of Directors pursuant to a resolution approved by a majority of the entire Board of Directors.
(l) Certain Amendments, etc. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Certificate of Incorporation to the contrary, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66-2/3\% of the voting power of all shares of the Corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class, shall be required to alter, amend, adopt any provision inconsistent with, or repeal, paragraphs (b), (c), (k) or this paragraph (1) of this Article EIGHTH or any provision hereof or thereof.
(m) A director of the Corporation shall not be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Corporation or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) under Section 174 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, or (iv) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit. If the Delaware General Corporation Law is amended after approval by the stockholders of this provision to authorize corporate action further eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors, then the liability of a director of the Corporation shall be eliminated or limited to the full extent permitted by the Delaware General Corporation Law, as so amended.

Any repeal or modification of the foregoing paragraph by the stockholders of the Corporation shall not adversely affect any right or protection of a director of the Corporation existing at the time of such repeal or modification.

NINTH: Subject to the applicable provisions (if any) of this
certificate of incorporation, this corporation reserves the right to amend, alter, change, add to or repeal any provision contained in this certificate of incorporation, in the manner now or hereafter prescribed by law.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, The TJX Companies, Inc. has caused this certificate to be signed by , , its $\qquad$ day of September, 1999. This and its corporate seal affixed hereto, this $\qquad$ Restated Certificate of Incorporation was duly adopted in accordance with the provisions of section 245 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, and only restates and integrates and does not further amend the provisions of the Corporation's certificate of incorporation as heretofore amended or supplemented. There is no discrepancy between the provisions of the certificate of incorporation as heretofore amended or supplemented and the provisions of this restated certificate of incorporation. This certificate is to be filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, and recorded with the Recorder of Deeds of New Castle County, Delaware, pursuant to Sections 103 and 245 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

THE TJX COMPANIES, INC.

By

## Name:

Title:

THE TJX COMPANIES, INC.

BY-LAWS

## ARTICLE I

## Certificate of Incorporation

The name, location of the principal office or place of business in the State of Delaware, and the nature of the business or objects or purposes of the corporation shall be as set forth in its certificate of incorporation. These by-laws, the powers of the corporation and of its directors and stockholders, and all matters concerning the management of the business and conduct of the affairs of the corporation shall be subject to such provisions in regard thereto, if any, as are set forth in the certificate of incorporation; and the certificate of incorporation is hereby made a part of these by-laws. In these by-laws, references to the certificate of incorporation mean the provisions of the certificate of incorporation (as that term is defined in the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware) of the corporation as from time to time in effect, and references to these by-laws or to any requirement or provision of law mean these by-laws or such requirement or provision of law as from time to time in effect.

## ARTICLE II

## Annual Meeting of Stockholders

(a) The annual meeting of stockholders shall be held either (i) at 11:00 a.m. on the first Tuesday in June in each year, unless that day be a legal holiday at the place where the meeting is to be held, in which case the meeting shall be held at the same hour on the next succeeding day not a legal holiday, or (ii) at such other date and time as shall be designated from time to time by the board of directors and stated in the notice of the meeting, at which the stockholders shall elect a board of directors and transact such other business as may be required by law or these by-laws or as may properly come before the meeting.
(b) Except as otherwise fixed pursuant to the provisions of Article FOURTH of the certificate of incorporation relating to the rights of holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation, nominations of persons for election to the board of directors of the corporation may be made at a meeting of stockholders by or at the direction of the board of directors or a committee appointed by the board of directors or by any stockholder of the corporation entitled to vote for the election of directors at the meeting who complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Article II. Such nominations, other than those made by or at the direction of the board of directors or such committee, shall be made pursuant to timely notice in writing to the secretary of the corporation. To be timely, a stockholder's notice shall be delivered to or mailed and received by the secretary at the principal executive offices of the corporation not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the first
anniversary of the prior year's annual meeting. Such stockholder's notice shall set forth (a) as to each person whom the stockholder proposes to nominate for election or re-election as a director, (i) the name, age, business address and residence address of such person, (ii) the principal occupation or employment of such person, (iii) the class and number of shares of the corporation which are beneficially owned by such person, and (iv) any other information relating to such person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations of proxies for election of directors, or is otherwise required, in each case pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") (including without limitation such person's written consent to being named in the proxy statement as the nominee and to serving as a director if elected); and (b) as to the stockholder giving the notice and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is made (i) the name and address of such stockholder, as they appear on the corporation's books, and of such beneficial owner, (ii) the class and number of shares of the corporation which are owned beneficially and of record by such stockholder and such beneficial owner, (iii) a representation that the stockholder is a holder of record of stock of the corporation entitled to vote at such meeting and intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to propose such nomination, and (iv) a representation whether the stockholder or the beneficial owner, if any, intends or is part of a group which intends to (a) deliver a proxy statement and/or form of proxy to holders of at least the percentage of the corporation's outstanding capital stock required to elect the nominee and/or (b) otherwise solicit proxies from stockholders in support of such nomination. The corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as it may reasonably require to determine the eligibility of such proposed nominee to serve as a director of the corporation. No person shall be eligible for election as a director of the corporation unless nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Article II. The chairman of the meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that a nomination was not made in accordance with the procedures prescribed by the by-laws, and if he should so determine, he shall so declare to the meeting and the defective nomination shall be disregarded.
(c) At an annual meeting of the stockholders, only such business shall be conducted as shall have been properly brought before the meeting. To be properly brought before an annual meeting business must be (a) specified in the notice of meeting (or any supplement thereto) given by or at the direction of the board of directors, or (b) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by a stockholder. For business to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a stockholder, the stockholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the secretary of the corporation. To be timely, a stockholder's notice shall be delivered to or mailed and received by the secretary at the principal executive offices of the corporation not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the first anniversary of the prior year's annual meeting. A stockholder's notice to the secretary shall set forth as to each matter the stockholder proposes to bring before the annual meeting (a) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the annual meeting, (b) the text of the proposal or business (including the text of any resolutions proposed for consideration and in the event that such business includes a proposal to amend the By-laws of the corporation, the language of the proposed amendment), the reasons for conducting such business at the meeting and any material interest in such business of such stockholder and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made, (c) as to the stockholder giving the notice and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made, (i) the name and address of such stockholder, as they appear on the corporation's books, and of such beneficial owner, (ii) the class and number of shares of the corporation which are owned beneficially and of record by such stockholder and such beneficial owner, (iii) a representation that the stockholder is a holder of record of stock of the corporation entitled to vote at such meeting and intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to propose such business, and (iv) a representation whether the stockholder or the beneficial owner, if any, intends or is part of a group which intends to (a) deliver a proxy statement and/or form of proxy to holders of at least the percentage of the
corporation's outstanding capital stock required to approve or adopt the proposal and/or (b) otherwise solicit proxies from stockholders in support of such proposal. Notwithstanding anything in the by-laws to the contrary, no business shall be conducted at any annual meeting except in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Article II. The chairman of the meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that business was not properly brought before the meeting and in accordance with the provisions of this Article II, and if he should so determine, he shall so declare to the meeting and any such business not properly brought before the meeting shall not be transacted.

## ARTICLE III

## Special Meetings of Stockholders

Except as otherwise required by law and or as fixed pursuant to the provisions of Article FOURTH of the certificate of incorporation relating to the rights of the holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation, special meetings of the stockholders may be called only by the chairman of the board, the president, or the board of directors pursuant to a resolution approved by a majority of the entire board of directors. Such call shall state the time, place and purposes of the meeting.

ARTICLE IV
Place of Stockholders' Meetings

The annual meeting of the stockholders, for the annual election of directors and other purposes, shall be held at such place within or without the State of Delaware as the board of directors shall fix for such meeting. Adjourned meetings of the stockholders shall be held at such places and at such times as the board of directors shall fix. Special meetings of the stockholders, and adjourned special meetings of the stockholders, shall be held at such places within or without the State of Delaware and such time as the board of directors shall fix.

## ARTICLE V

## Notice of Stockholders' Meetings

Except as may be otherwise required by law, by the certificate of incorporation or by other provisions of these by-laws, and subject to the provisions of Article XXII, a written notice of each meeting of stockholders, stating the place, day and hour thereof and the purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be given, at least ten days before the meeting, to each stockholder entitled to vote thereat, by leaving such notice with him or at his residence or usual place of business, or by mailing it, postage prepaid, addressed to such stockholder at his address as it appears upon the books of the corporation. Such notice shall be given by the secretary, or in case of the death, absence, incapacity or refusal of the secretary, by some other officer or by a person designated by the board of directors.

## ARTICLE VI

## Quorum and Action of Stockholders

Any action required or permitted to be taken by the stockholders of the corporation must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of such holders and may not be effected by any consent in writing by such holders.

At any meeting of the stockholders, a quorum for the election of directors or for the consideration of any question shall consist of a majority of the stock issued and outstanding; except in any case where a larger quorum is required by law, by the certificate of incorporation or by these by-laws. Stock owned by the corporation, if any, shall not be deemed outstanding for this purpose. In any case any meeting may be adjourned from time to time by a majority of the votes properly cast upon the question, whether or not a quorum is present, and the meeting may be held as adjourned without further notice.

When a quorum for the election of any director is present at any meeting, a plurality of the votes properly cast for election to such office shall elect to such office. When a quorum for the consideration of a question is present at any meeting, a majority of the votes properly cast upon the question shall decide the question; except in any case where a larger vote is required by law, by the certificate of incorporation or by these by-laws.

## ARTICLE VII

## Proxies and Voting

Except as otherwise provided in the certificate of incorporation, and subject to the provisions of Article XXV, each stockholder shall at every meeting of the stockholders be entitled to one vote in person or by proxy for each share of the capital stock held by such stockholder, but no proxy shall be voted on after three years from its date, unless the proxy provides for a longer period; and except where the transfer books of the corporation shall have been closed or a date shall have been fixed as a record date for the determination of the stockholders entitled to vote, as provided in Article XXV, no share of stock shall be voted on at any election for directors which has been transferred on the books of the corporation within twenty days next preceding such election of directors. Shares of the capital stock of the corporation belonging to the corporation shall not be voted upon directly or indirectly.

Persons holding stock in a fiduciary capacity shall be entitled to vote the shares so held, or to give any consent permitted by law, and persons whose stock is pledged shall be entitled to vote, or to give any consent permitted by law, unless in the transfer by the pledgor on the books of the corporation he shall have expressly empowered the pledgee to vote thereon, in which case only the pledgee or his proxy may represent said stock and vote thereon or give any such consent.

The secretary shall prepare and make, at least ten days before every election of directors, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at said election, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder during ordinary business hours, at the place where said election is to be held, for said ten days, and shall be produced and kept at the time and place of election during the whole time thereof, and subject to the inspection of any stockholder who may be present. The original or duplicate stock ledger
shall be the only evidence as to who are stockholders entitled to examine such list or to vote in person or by proxy at such election.

## ARTICLE VIII

OMITTED
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## ARTICLE IX

## Board of Directors

The whole board of directors shall consist of not less than three nor more than fifteen directors. Within such limits the whole number of directors shall be fixed from time to time, subject to the provisions of Article XXI hereof, by action of the board of directors.

Except as otherwise fixed pursuant to the provisions of Article FOURTH of the certificate of incorporation relating to the rights of the holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation to elect additional directors under specified circumstances, the number of directors of the corporation shall be fixed from time to time by or pursuant to these by-laws. The directors, other than those who may be elected by the holders of any class or series of stock having preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation, shall be classified, with respect to the time for which they severally hold office, into three classes, designated Class I, Class II and Class III, as nearly equal in number as possible, with the term of office of one class expiring each year. At the annual meeting of stockholders in 1985, directors of Class I shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the next succeeding annual meeting, directors of Class II shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the second succeeding annual meeting and directors of Class III shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the third succeeding annual meeting, with the members of each Class to hold office until their successors are elected and qualified. At each subsequent annual meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation, the successors to the Class of directors whose term expires at such meeting shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the third year following the year of their election.

References in these by-laws to the whole board of directors mean the whole number fixed as herein or in the certificate of incorporation provided, irrespective of the number at the time in office.

Each newly created directorship resulting from any increase in the number of directors may be filled only as provided in Article XXI for the filling of a vacancy in the office of a director.

No director need be a stockholder.

## ARTICLE X

Powers of the Board of Directors

The board of directors shall have and may exercise all the powers of the corporation; except such as are conferred upon the stockholders by law, by the certificate of incorporation or by these by-laws.

## Committees

The board of directors may at any time and from time to time, by resolution adopted by a majority of the whole board, designate, change the membership of or terminate the existence of any committee or committees, including if desired any executive committee, each committee to consist of two or more of the directors of the corporation. Each such committee shall have such name as may be determined from time to time by resolution adopted by a majority of the whole board of directors and shall have and may exercise such powers of the board of directors in the management of the business and affairs of the corporation, including power to authorize the seal of the corporation to be affixed to all papers which may require it, as may be determined from time to time by resolution adopted by a majority of the whole board. All minutes of proceedings of committees shall be available to the board of directors on its request.

In the absence or disqualification of any member of such committee or committees the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not he or they constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the board of directors to act at the meeting in place of such absent or disqualified member.

## ARTICLE XII

## Meetings of the Board of Directors

Regular meetings of the board of directors may be held without call or formal notice at such places either within or without the State of Delaware and at such times as the board may from time to time determine. A regular meeting of the board of directors may be held without call or formal notice immediately after and at the same place as the annual meeting of the stockholders.

Special meetings of the board of directors may be held at any time and at any place either within or without the State of Delaware when called by the chairman of the board (if any), the president, the treasurer or two or more directors, reasonable notice thereof being given to each director by the secretary, or in the case of the death, absence, incapacity or refusal of the secretary, by the officer or directors calling the meeting, or without call or formal notice if each director then in office is either present or waives notice as provided in Article XXII. In any case it shall be deemed sufficient notice to a director to send notice by mail at least forty-eight hours or by telegram at least twenty-four hours before the meeting addressed to him at his usual or last known business or residence address or to give notice to him in person either by telephone or by handing him a written notice at least twenty-four hours before the meeting.

## ARTICLE XIII

Quorum and Action of Directors

At any meeting of the board of directors, except in any case where a larger quorum or the vote of a larger number of directors is required by law, by the certificate of incorporation or by these by-laws, a quorum for any election or for the consideration of any question shall consist of $a$
majority of the directors then in office, but in any case not less than two directors; but any meeting may be adjourned from time to time by a majority of the votes cast upon the question, whether or not a quorum is present, and the meeting may be held as adjourned without further notice. When a quorum is present at any meeting, the votes of a majority of the directors present and voting shall be requisite and sufficient for election to any office, and a majority of the directors present and voting shall decide any question brought before such meeting, except in any case where a larger vote is required by law, by the certificate of incorporation or by these by-laws.

ARTICLE XIV

Consent by Directors or Committees

To the extent permitted by law, whenever a vote or resolution at a meeting of the board of directors or of any committee thereof is required or permitted to be taken in connection with any corporate action by any provision of law or of the certificate of incorporation or of these by-laws, such meeting and such vote or resolution may be dispensed with and such corporate action may be taken without such meeting, vote or resolution, if a written consent to such corporate action is signed by all members of the board or of such committee, as the case may be, and such written consent is filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the board or of such committee.

ARTICLE XV

## Chairman of the Board of Directors

A chairman of the board may be elected annually from among the directors by the board of directors at its first meeting following the annual meeting of the stockholders and shall serve until the first meeting of the board of directors following the next annual meeting of the stockholders and until his successor is elected, or until he dies, resigns, is removed or replaced or becomes disqualified.

The chairman of the board (if any) shall preside at all meetings of the stockholders and of the board of directors at which he is present, except that if there is no chairman or in the absence of the chairman, or at the request of the chairman, the president shall preside. The chairman (if any) shall have such other duties and powers as may be designated from time to time by the board of directors.

## ARTICLE XVI

## Officers and Agents

The officers of the corporation shall be a president, a treasurer, a secretary, and such other officers, if any, as the board of directors may in its discretion elect. The board of directors may designate the chairman of the board or the president as chief executive officer. The chief executive officer shall have ultimate responsibility for the corporation's planning and operations, both financial and operational, subject to the policies and direction of the board of directors. The board of directors may delegate to the chief executive officer the authority to appoint assistant vice presidents, assistant treasurers, assistant secretaries and such agents, if any, as he may in his discretion determine to appoint. So far as is permitted by law any two or more offices may be held by the same person. The chief executive officer may appoint such officers of the divisions of
the corporation as he in his discretion shall determine, the officers of divisions not being officers of the corporation. Officers of the divisions may also be appointed officers of the corporation by the board of directors or by the chief executive officer as above provided.

Subject to law, to the certificate of incorporation and to the other provisions of these by-laws, each officer elected by the board of directors or appointed by the chief executive officer shall have, in addition to the duties and powers herein set forth, such duties and powers as are commonly incident to his office and such duties and powers as the board of directors or the chief executive officer may from time to time designate.

Officers elected by the board of directors shall be elected annually at its first meeting following the annual meeting of the stockholders. Officers appointed by the chief executive officer shall be appointed annually by the chief executive officer on the day of the annual meeting of the stockholders. Additional officers may be elected by the board of directors or appointed by the chief executive officer at any time.

Each officer elected by the board of directors shall hold office until the first meeting of the board of directors following the next annual meeting of the stockholders and until his successor is elected or appointed and qualified, or until he sooner dies, resigns, is removed or replaced or becomes disqualified. Each officer and agent appointed by the chief executive officer shall retain his authority at the pleasure of the chief executive officer.

## ARTICLE XVII

President
The president shall have such duties and powers as may be designated from time to time by the board of directors.

## ARTICLE XVIII

## Chief Financial Officer

The chief financial officer is responsible for execution of all financial policies, plans, procedures and controls of the corporation, and the maintenance of books and records with respect thereto, including accounting and treasury functions, internal audit, budgets, borrowings, securities offerings, investments, tax reporting and financial reporting all subject to the control of the board of directors and the president. The chief financial officer shall have such other duties and powers as may be designated from time to time by the board of directors and the president.

## ARTICLE XIX

## Secretary and Treasurer

The secretary shall record all the proceedings of the meetings of the stockholders and the board of directors, in a book or books to be kept for that purpose, and in his absence from any such meeting a temporary secretary shall be chosen who shall record the proceedings thereof.

The secretary shall have charge of the stock ledger (which may, however, be kept by any transfer agent or agents of the corporation), an original or duplicate of which shall at all times during the usual hours for business be open to the examination of every stockholder at the principal office of the corporation. The secretary shall have such other duties and powers as may be designated from time to time by the board of directors or by the chief executive officer.

The treasurer shall be in charge of the funds and valuable papers of the corporation and shall have such other duties and powers as may be designated from time to time by the board of directors, by the chief executive officer or by the chief financial officer.

## ARTICLE XX

## Resignations and Removals

Any director or officer may resign at any time by delivering his resignation in writing to the president or the secretary or to a meeting of the board of directors, and such resignation shall take effect at the time stated therein, or if no time be so stated then upon its delivery, and without the necessity of its being accepted unless the resignation shall so state. Except as otherwise fixed pursuant to the provisions of Article FOURTH of the certificate of incorporation relating to the rights of the holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation to elect directors under specified circumstances, any director may be removed from office, without cause, only by the affirmative vote of the holders of $662 / 3 \%$ of the combined voting power of the then outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class. The board of directors may at any time, by vote of a majority of the directors present and voting, terminate or modify the authority of any agent.

## ARTICLE XXI

## Vacancies

Except as otherwise fixed pursuant to the provisions of Article FOURTH of the certificate of incorporation relating to the rights of the holders of any class or series of stock having a preference over the Common Stock as to dividends or upon liquidation to elect directors under specified circumstances, newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the number of directors and any vacancies on the board of directors resulting from death, resignation, disqualification, removal or other cause shall be filled solely by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors then in office, even though less than a quorum of the board of directors, or by a sole remaining director. Any director elected in accordance with the preceding sentence shall hold office for the remainder of the full term of the Class of directors in which the new directorship was created or the vacancy occurred and until such director's successor shall have been elected and qualified. No decrease in the number of directors constituting the board of directors shall shorten the term of any incumbent director. If the office of any officer becomes vacant, by reason of death, resignation, removal or disqualification, a successor may be elected or appointed by the board of directors by vote of a majority of the directors present and voting. Each such successor officer shall hold office for the unexpired term, and until his successor shall be elected or appointed and qualified, or until he sooner dies, resigns, is removed or replaced or becomes disqualified. The board of directors shall have and may exercise all its powers notwithstanding the existence of one or more vacancies in the whole board, subject to any
requirements of law or of the certificate of incorporation or of these by-laws as to the number of directors required for a quorum or for any vote, resolution or other action.

## ARTICLE XXII

## Waiver of Notice

Whenever any notice is required to be given by law or under the provisions of the certificate of incorporation or of these by-laws, a waiver thereof in writing, signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated therein or otherwise fixed for the meeting or other event for which notice is waived, shall be deemed equivalent to such notice.

## ARTICLE XXIII

Certificates of Stock

Every holder of stock in the corporation shall be entitled to have a certificate, signed by, or in the name of the corporation by, the president or a vice president and by the treasurer or an assistant treasurer or the secretary or an assistant secretary of the corporation, certifying the number of shares owned by him in the corporation; provided, however, that where such certificate is signed (1) by a transfer agent or an assistant transfer agent or (2) by a transfer clerk acting on behalf of the corporation and a registrar, the signature of the president, vice president, treasurer, assistant treasurer, secretary or assistant secretary may be facsimile. In case any officer or officers who shall have signed or whose facsimile signature or signatures shall have been used on, any such certificate or certificates shall cease to be such officer or officers of the corporation, whether because of death, resignation or otherwise, before such certificate or certificates shall have been delivered by the corporation, such certificate or certificates may nevertheless be adopted by the corporation and be issued and delivered as though the person or persons who signed such certificate or certificates or whose facsimile signature or signatures have been used thereon had not ceased to be such officer or officers of the corporation, and any such issue and delivery shall be regarded as an adoption by the corporation of such certificate or certificates. Certificates of stock shall be in such form as shall, in conformity to law, be prescribed from time to time by the board of directors.

## ARTICLE XXIV

## Transfer of Shares of Stock

Subject to applicable restrictions upon transfer, if any, title to a certificate of stock and to the shares represented thereby shall be transferred only by delivery of the certificate properly endorsed, or by delivery of the certificate accompanied by a written assignment of the same, or a written power of attorney to sell, assign or transfer the same or the shares represented thereby, properly executed; but the person registered on the books of the corporation as the owner of shares shall have the exclusive right to receive the dividends thereon and, except as provided in Article VII with respect to stock which has been pledged, to vote thereon as such owner or to give any consent permitted by law, and shall be held liable for such calls and assessments, if any, as may lawfully be made thereon, and except only as may be required by law, may in all respects
be treated by the corporation as the exclusive owner thereof. It shall be the duty of each stockholder to notify the corporation of his post office address.

ARTICLE XXV

Transfer Books; Record Date

The board of directors shall have power to close the stock transfer books of the corporation for a period not exceeding fifty days preceding the date of any meeting of stockholders or the date for payment of any dividend or the date for the allotment of rights or the date when any change or conversion or exchange of capital stock shall go into effect or for a period of not exceeding fifty days in connection with obtaining the consent of stockholders for any purpose; provided, however, that in lieu of closing the stock transfer books as aforesaid, the board of directors may fix in advance a date, not exceeding fifty days preceding the date of any meeting of stockholders, or any other of the above mentioned events, or a date in connection with obtaining such consent, as a record date for the determination of the stockholders entitled to notice of, and to vote at, any such meeting and any adjournment thereof, or entitled to receive payment of any such dividend, or to any such allotment of rights, or to exercise the rights in respect of any such change, conversion or exchange of capital stock, or to give such consent, and in such case such stockholders and only such stockholders as shall be stockholders of record on the date so fixed shall be entitled to such notice of, and to vote at, such meeting and any adjournment thereof, or to receive payment of such dividend, or to receive such allotment of rights, or to exercise such rights, or to give such consent, as the case may be, notwithstanding any transfer of any stock on the books of the corporation after any such record date fixed as aforesaid.

## ARTICLE XXVI

Loss of Certificates
In the case of the alleged loss or destruction or the mutilation of $a$ certificate of stock, a duplicate certificate may be issued in place thereof, upon such terms in conformity with law as the board of directors may prescribe.

## ARTICLE XXVII

## Seal

The corporate seal of the corporation shall, subject to alteration by the board of directors, consist of a flat-faced circular die with the word "Delaware", together with the name of the corporation and the year of its organization, cut or engraved thereon. The corporate seal of the corporation may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or affixed or reproduced or otherwise.

ARTICLE XXVIII

## Execution of Papers

Except as the board of directors may generally or in particular cases authorize the execution thereof in some other manner, all deeds, leases, transfers, contracts, bonds, notes, checks, drafts and other obligations made, accepted or endorsed by the corporation shall be signed by the president or by one of the vice presidents or by the treasurer.

ARTICLE XXIX

Fiscal Year

Except as from time to time otherwise provided by the board of directors, the fiscal year of the corporation shall terminate on the last Saturday in January of each year.

## ARTICLE XXX

Amendments

The board of directors and the stockholders shall each have the power to adopt, alter, amend and repeal these by-laws; and any by-laws adopted by the directors or the stockholders under the powers conferred hereby may be altered, amended or repealed by the directors or by the stockholders; provided, however, that these by-laws shall not be altered, amended or repealed by action of the stockholders, and no by-law shall be adopted by action of the stockholders, without the affirmative vote of the holders of at least $662 / 3 \%$ of the voting power of all the shares of the corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class.

